


The report is submitted pursuant to Security Council resolution 2574 (2021), by which the Council extended the mandate of the United Nations Verification Mission in Colombia, and Council resolution 2366 (2017), in which it requested the Secretary-General to report on the implementation of the mandate of the Mission every 90 days.



# 13.589


**Former  
combatants  
accredited**

Office of the High Commissioner for Peace



**10.453**  
Men

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**3.136**  
Women



Close to  
**10.000**  
former combatants

**reside outside  
former TATRs\***


\*Territorial Areas for Training and Reintegration

## ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL REINTEGRATION

Section 3.2 of the Peace Agreement

### COLLECTIVE Productive projects

approved by the National  
Reintegration Council.

**90** Approved  
to date

**82** Projects  
have received  
funds

Near  
**50%** of collective  
productive projects are  
located outside the  
former TATRs.

**Benefiting  
3.414**  
Former combatants

↓


**944**  
WOMEN

**Benefiting  
1.140**  
Former combatants

↓

**314**  
WOMEN

### INDIVIDUAL Productive projects

**2.709**  
Approved  
by the ARN\*

\*Agency for Reintegration and Normalization

**Benefiting  
3.273** → **736**  
Former combatants WOMEN

In May, the ARN informed that:

- **60%** of these projects were functioning
- **509** had yet to begin implementation
- **213** were closed
- **86** were suspended due to the impact of the pandemic, among other reasons.

Approximately half  
of the **13,589**  
accredited former  
combatants are  
involved in  
individual or  
collective  
productive projects.



During this period, the  
Government purchased  
land for two additional  
former TATRs, in Guaviare  
and Nariño. In total, the  
Government has  
purchased land for 7 of  
the 24 former TATRs.

More than  
**1.500** accredited women  
former combatants participate  
in productive projects.



Health visits have  
been carried out  
normally in most  
former TATRs.



Around **30%** of former  
combatants with disabilities  
have received certification  
for their disability, which  
could help them access  
specific benefits, including  
rehabilitation support.

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# SECURITY GUARANTEES

## FORMER FARC-EP COMBATANTS

Section 3.4 of the Peace Agreement

Since the signing of the Peace Agreement, the Mission has verified:

**286**

**KILLINGS**

(8 WOMEN)

**67**

**ATTEMPTED  
HOMICIDES**

(4 WOMEN)

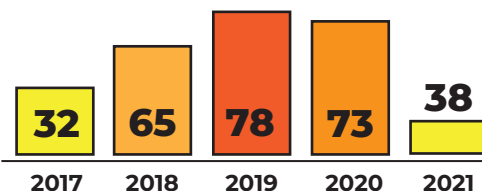
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**DISAPPEARANCES**

(ALL MEN)



Since the signing of the Agreement, killings have mostly been concentrated in the departments of Cauca (49), Nariño (36), Antioquia (29), Caquetá (27), Meta (23), Norte de Santander (22), Valle del Cauca (21), Putumayo (20), Chocó (15), Huila (9) and Guaviare (8).



UNVMC. 18 August 2021

During the reporting period, march to august, the Mission verified 24 killings of former combatants (One woman).



**Special Investigations Unit  
of the Attorney-General's  
Office**

**41**

**CONVICTIONS**

**44**

**IN TRIAL PHASE**

**49**

**ARREST  
WARRANTS  
ISSUED**

**22**

**UNDER  
INVESTIGATION**

Has issued

**279**

Arrest warrants  
issued against  
suspected persons

**250**

allegedly belong to a  
criminal organization.

**9**

persons were arrested  
during this period.

**129**

warrants still pending  
execution.



**The National  
Protection Unit**

To date, 52 per cent of pending  
requests have been evaluated.

**345**

**PROTECTION SCHEMES**  
have been approved

**43**



for women former  
combatants

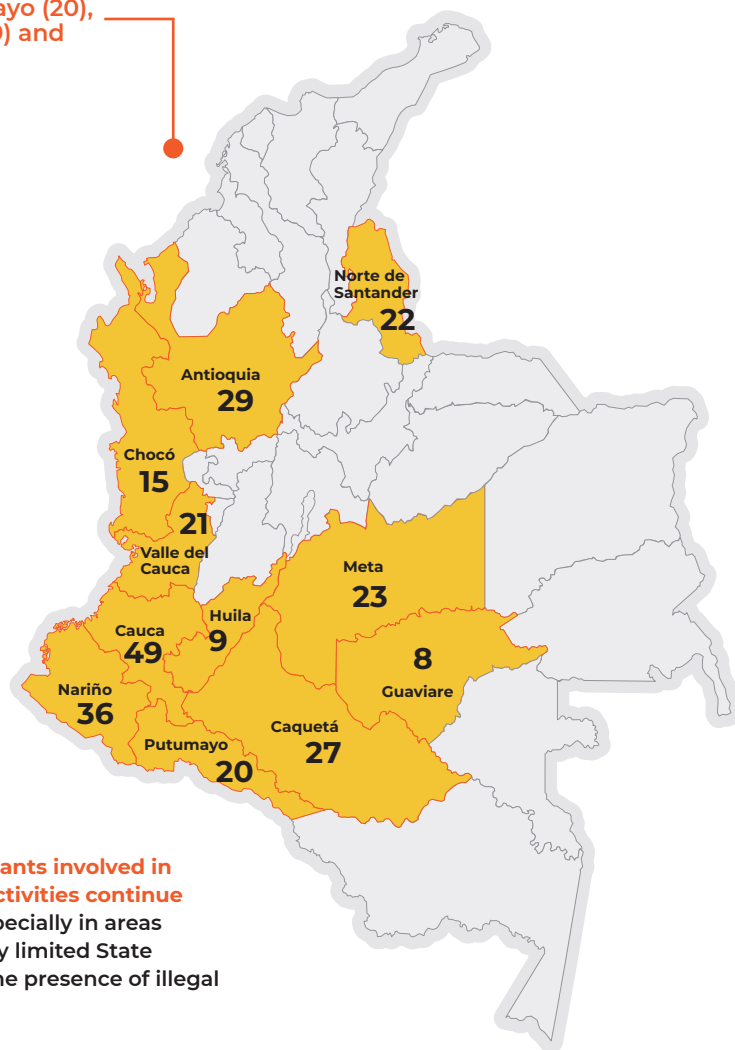
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**Collective  
protection  
measures**



Former combatants involved in  
reintegration activities continue  
facing risks, especially in areas  
characterized by limited State  
presence and the presence of illegal  
armed actors.



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## SECURITY GUARANTEES FOR COMMUNITIES, HUMAN RIGHTS DEFENDERS AND SOCIAL LEADERS



### The Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) in 2021:



The UN Office for the Coordination  
of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)  
registered the forced mass  
displacement of over

**7.400  
PERSONS**

(33% from indigenous  
communities) in seven  
departments.

**29.200**

**Mass displaced  
persons in 2021**

Most displacements are  
linked to clashes between  
illegal armed actors and  
between them and public  
security forces.

#### Received information about

**40**

#### KILLINGS

OF HUMAN RIGHTS DEFENDERS  
AND SOCIAL LEADERS

34 cases are under verification  
and 55 cases inconclusive



(5 women and 35  
men; this included  
4 Afro-Colombian  
and 5 indigenous  
leaders)

#### Massacres

**30**

**Documented**

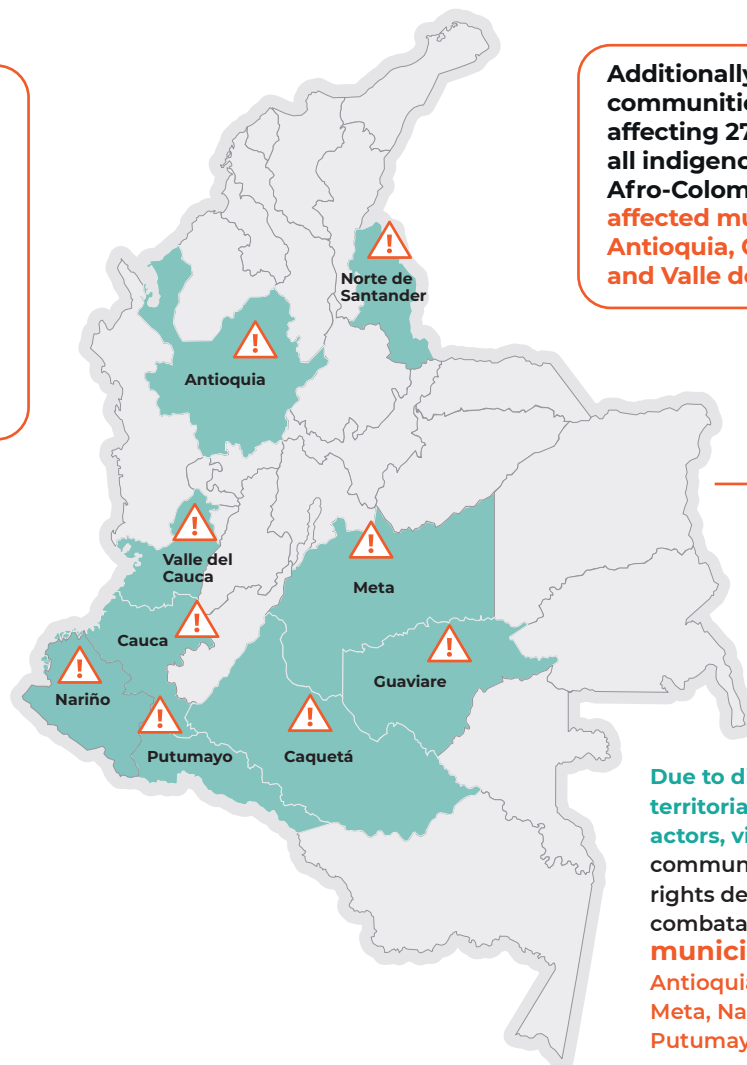
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**Are under  
verification**

The most affected departments are  
Antioquia (7), Caquetá (5), Nariño (4)  
and Valle del Cauca (3). Other  
departments where massacres have  
occurred are Cauca, Chocó, Huila, La  
Guajira, Norte de Santander, Quindío  
and Tolima.

In May, the technical  
committee of the  
Comprehensive Safety Security  
and Protection Programme for  
the Communities and  
Organizations in the Territories  
met to approve a workplan for  
2021 regarding its prevention  
and protection component.  
Seven additional pilot  
programs were approved.

Additionally, 25 confinements of  
communities were reported,  
affecting 27,000 people, almost  
all indigenous and  
Afro-Colombian. The most  
affected municipalities are in  
Antioquia, Cauca, Chocó, Nariño,  
and Valle de Cauca.



Due to disputes over social and  
territorial control between illegal armed  
actors, violence continues to affect  
communities, social leaders, human  
rights defenders and former  
combatants, particularly in 25  
municipalities in the departments of  
Antioquia, Cauca, Caquetá, Guaviare,  
Meta, Nariño, Norte de Santander,  
Putumayo and Valle del Cauca.

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# POLITICAL

## Reintegration *Section 3.2 of the Peace Agreement*



In April, Comunes party legislators submitted a draft bill in the Senate to establish the **National Plan on Rural Health** provided for in the Agreement.

## OTHER SECTIONS OF THE AGREEMENT



### Chapter 1

#### Comprehensive rural reform

Development Programmes with a Territorial Focus (PDET)



To date:

**1.286** PDET works have been completed and **189** are under implementation.



**143** new projects worth US **540** million were approved with resources from royalties from mineral and hydrocarbon exploitation.



Additionally, agricultural, environmental and forestry projects **benefiting over 15,000 families** are underway in **59 PDET municipalities**.



Comunes party has insisted on the need to **strengthen participation of communities in the implementation of the PDET** to ensure that decisions are guided by local needs.



**1,089,286 hectares** have been included in the **Land Fund**, which has a final goal of three million hectares. So far, **231,892 hectares** have been handed over to **8,599** peasant families.



### Chapter 4

#### Substitution of illicit crops

As of 30 April 2021:



**44.185** hectares had been voluntarily eradicated by

**99.097** families in the National Comprehensive Programme for Substitution of Illicit Crops (PNIS)

Approximately, **87%** of the over **75,000 participating families** receiving food security assistance have received all the payments stipulated for this purpose.

**Only 7% of participating families** have so far received support for productive projects.

Communities affected by the presence of illicit crops **continue advocating for voluntary substitution as the most appropriate and sustainable solution.**



### Chapter 5

#### Victims

Comprehensive System for Truth, Justice, Reparation and Non-Repentation

#### **SJP** Special Jurisdiction for Peace

**Approximately 325,000 accredited victims.**

The seven former FARC-EP commanders indicted by the JEP in **Case 01**, provided their response to the indictment by acknowledging their responsibilities for crimes related to kidnappings.

The SJP reported in May that indictments of some of the members of the public security forces appearing within the context of **Case 03** (on extrajudicial killings by agents of the State) are in the final stages of preparation.

#### **Commission for the Clarification of Truth, Coexistence and Non-Repentation**

The Commission has so far held **74** public and private meetings with former members of the FARC-EP, the AUC, retired members of the public security forces, victims and other actors **focused on truth, forgiveness, reconciliation and acknowledgment of responsibility.**

The testimonies rendered during these dialogues provide key inputs for the final report of the Commission, which will be presented in November 2021.

#### **UBPD** Unit for the Search for Persons Deemed as Missing

On 17 June, former FARC-EP commanders indicted by the SJP provided information to initiate the search for **55 civilians and members of the security forces kidnapped** by the FARC-EP. They also committed to provide information on another 136 victims.

The Unit has signed "search pacts" in five new regions. So far, the Unit has promoted eight of these pacts, which are key to helping find thousands of victims of forced disappearance.

The Unit also handed over the bodies of four forcibly disappeared persons in Risaralda and Meta departments to their families.